



Software Sample Code:

The sample-code below is used to describe how to design s/w for Macronix flash.

The following sample codes are suitable for AMD compatible flash:

- 1. 3.3V Flash: MX29LV004, MX29LV040, MX29LV400
MX29LV008, MX29LV081, MX29LV800, MX29LV800A, MX29LV800B,
MX29LV017, MX29LV017A, MX29LV160, MX29LV160A, MX29LV160B,
MX29LV033, MX29LV033A, MX29LV320, MX29LV320A,
MX29LV065, MX29LV640, MX29LV640B,
MX26LV400, MX26LV800, MX26LV160.**
- 2. 3.3V NBit: MX29LV64xM H/L, MX29LV640MB/T, MX29LV320MB/T,
MX29LV320MH/L.**
- 3. 5V Flash: MX29F001, MX29F100, MX29F002(N), MX29F022(N), MX29F200,
MX29F004, MX29F040, MX29F400, MX29F080, MX29F800, MX29F016.**
- 4. Other devices: MX26L3220, MX26L3221, MX26L6420, MX26L6421,
(Low voltage products are not included in the following sample code.)**

We suggest customers to check ID codes first before porting algorithms. It is easy to confirm that the flash device accepts the command sets correctly.

Read_ID_Op()

```
{  
  
    // For word mode: (Depends on system application)  
        Write data AAH to address 555H  
        Write data 55H to address 2AAH  
        Write data 90H to address 555H  
        Read Manufacture code from ADI (Address of Device Identifier, A1=0 ; A0 =0 , others don't care )  
        Read Device code from ADI (Address of Device Identifier, A1 =0 ; A0 = 1, others don't care )  
  
    // For Byte mode: (Depends on system application)  
        Write data AAH to address AAAH  
        Write data 55H to address 555H  
        Write data 90H to address AAAH  
        Read Manufacture code from ADI (Address of Device Identifier, A1=0 ; A0 =0 ; A-1 & others don't care )  
        Read Device code from ADI (Address of Device Identifier, A1 =0 ; A0 = 1; A-1 & others don't care )  
}
```

[illegible]

```

Block_Erase_Op() // MX26L3220 and MX26L6420 don't support this function
{
    loopCounter = 0L;
    TimeOutFlag = FALSE;
    eraseOkFlag = TRUE; // clear the erase ok flag to be TRUE */
    write Block_Erase_command ; // write 5 commands to enter Block Erase operation */
    for(;;)
    {
        write Block-Address with 30H command; /* 30H is a command for Block erase operation
                                                The successive block address load cycle must be done within
                                                80us from the rising edge of /WE to falling edge of /WE */
        if(last block address is True) // end of the erasing block-address input
            break;
    }
    wait 80us ; // Delay 80us wait for closing Block-address load window and entering Erase
                // Or check Q3== 1, It means input window time-out also */
    oldflag = read status of flash; /* To confirm WSM has accepted the command correctly and is busy */
    newflag = read status of flash; /* in erase operation if the Q6(toggle bit) is toggling */
    if ( ! (oldflag ^ newflag ) ) // Bypass this flow if system has an interrupt service and is over 0.3sec.
    {
        set eraseOkFlag = FLASE;
        return(eraseOkFlag); // the inputted command is false, try to write it again
    }

    while(TimeOutFlag ) // set a loop to check the flash's WSM till ready or system time out
    {
        oldflag=read status from erased block address;
        if((oldflag == 0xff )) // if yes, Q7 to Q0 are all '1', then erase is successful */
            break; // exit erase operation polling loop*/
        else if ((oldflag & 0x20) == 0x20 ) // if Q5==1, then erase operation is time out*/
        {
            set eraseOkFlag = FALSE; // set the erase operation is failed */
            write reset command to reset flash; /* write RESET command to clear fail status */
            break; // break to exit the erase operation */
        }
        delay_time; // the delay time is adjustable and deponed on the system clock
        if(TimeOut < loopCounter++) // The number for Timeout must be set bigger than Max. of the spec.
        { // Basically, this time out loop to prevent system hang up is not necessary,
            EraseOKFlag = FALSE; // since the flash already provides the Q5 timeout bit for that purpose.
            break;
        }
    }

    return (eraseOkFlag); // report the final result to main program */
} // end of Chip_erase_Op */

```

////////////////////////////////////



```

{
loopCounter = 0L;
TimeOutFlag = FALSE;
ProgramOkFlag = TRUE;           // clear the program ok flag to be TRUE
write Program_command ;         // write 3 commands to enter program operation
write Valid_Data to flash;      // write Valid data to flash follow the write program cmd

oldflag = read status of flash; /* To confirm WSM has accepted the command correctly and is busy */
newflag = read status of flash; /* in program operation if the Q6(toggle bit) is toggling.
if ( ! (oldflag ^ newflag ) )    // Bypass this flow if system's read speed is slower than 3us
{ set eraseOkFlag = FLASE ;     // or interrupt service could not disabled.
  return(eraseOkFlag);         // the inputted command is false, try to write it again
}

while(TimeOutFlag )             // set a loop to check the flash's WSM till ready or system times out
{
  read_Data = read flash at programmed address;
  if(read_Data == programmed_Data) // if yes, write data== read out data, program is successful */
    break;                       // exit program operation polling loop*/
  else ((newflag & 0x20) == 0x20 ) // if Q5==1, then program operation is timed out*/
  {
    set ProgramOkFlag = FALSE;    // set the program operation is failed */
    write reset command to reset flash; // write RESET command to clear fail status */
    break;                       // break to exit the program operation */
  }
  delay_time;                    // the delay time is adjustable and depends on the system clock
  if(TimeOut < loopCounter++)    // The number for Timeout must be set bigger than Max. of the spec.
  {                               // Basically, this time out loop to prevent system hang up is not necessary,
    ProgramOKFlag = FALSE;       // since the flash already provides the Q5 timeout bit for that purpose.
    break;
  }
}

return (ProgramOkFlag);          // report the final result to main program */
}                                // end of Program_Op */

```

[illegible]



/* To disable all system interrupts, and the sector erase function must be executed before suspend / resume flow as follows */

Suspend_Op() / Resume_Op() // MX26L3220/1, MX26L6420/1, MX26LV800.

do not support this function

```
{
    int EraseOKFlag=TRUE;
    unsigned short oldflag, newflag;

    Disable all of system interrupts;
    Write Block_Erase_command;
    oldflag = read status of flash ;
    while ((oldflag & 0x80h) != 0h) // To confirm WSM has accepted the command correctly and is busy */Q7 == 0,
                                    It means busy in erasing
    While(TRUE){
        Write Erase_Suspend_command;

        While(true)
        {
            oldflag = read status of flash; // To confirm WSM has accepted the command correctly and is busy
            newflag = read status of flash; // if the Q6(toggle bit) is toggling.
            if ( oldflag == newflag ) // ^ exclusive OR
                break;
        }

        Read / Program data from/to Non-erased sectors; // Q2 is still toggling, if the data read out from erased sector

        Write Erase_Resume_command;
        Delay 10ms ;

        oldflag=read status of flash;
        if((oldflag == 0xff )) // if yes, Q7 to Q0 are all '1', then erase is successful
            break; // exit erase operation polling loop
        else if ((oldflag & 0x20) == 0x20 ) // if Q5==1, then erase operation is time out
        {
            set eraseOkFlag = FALSE; // set the erase operation is failed
            write reset command to reset flash; // write RESET command to clear fail status
            break; // break to exit the erase operation */
        }
    }

    Enable System interrupt;
    Return (eraseOkFlag);
}
```



////////////////////////////////////

[illegible]



Chip_Erase_Op()

[illegible]



Page_Program_Op()

```
{
    int i;
    loopCounter = 0L;
    TimeoutFlag = FALSE;
    ProgramOkFlag = TRUE;           // clear the program ok flag to be TRUE
    Disable system's Interrupt;     // System interrupts might cause page data downloaded flow to be improperly
                                   // completed. Disable all system interrupts before going to page program operation.

    write Program_command ;         // write 3 commands to enter program operation
    for(i=0; i<page number; i++)    // set a loop to down load whole page data into flash's buffer
    {                                // the page number is 128 bytes or 64 words for MXIC a series flash with page
                                   // Program operation, except for MX29L3111 whose page number is 256 bytes or
                                   // 128 words.
        load Valid_Data with relative page address into flash; /* Load whole page data into flash's buffer follow the write Program
                                                                cmd and the successive data must be loaded within 30us from
                                                                the rising edge of /WE to falling edge of /WE */
    }
    Enable system Interrupt;         // to enable system interrupt
    wait 100us;                     // wait 100us for closing page data load window and entering Program operation

    while(TimeoutFlag)              // set a loop to check the flash's WSM till ready or system time out
    {
        StatusReg = read status of flash; // read status from flash's status Reg.
        if((statusReg & 0x80) == 0x80)    // Is the Q7(ready/busy-bit) ready ?
        {
            if((statusReg & 0x10 == 0x00) // It is successful to program if Q4(Program flag) is equal to '0'
            break;                       // exit program polling loop
            else
            { set ProgramOkFlag = FALSE; // if Q4 is '1', then program has failed */
              write Clear_S.R._command; // write Clear status command to clear status Reg.
              break;
            }
        }
    }
    delay_time;                      // the delay time is adjustable and deponed on the system clock
    if(Timeout < loopCounter++)       // The number for timeout must be set bigger than Max. of the spec.
    {                                 // Basically, this time out loop to prevent system hang up is not necessary,
        ProgramOKFlag = FALSE;       // since the flash already provides the Q7 Ready/busy bit for that function.
        write Clear_S.R._command;    // write Clear status command to clear status Reg.
        break;
    }
}
write reset command;                // RESET command to reset flash to read operation
return (ProgramOkFlag);              // report the final result to main program
/* end of Page_Program_Op */
```

The following sample codes are suitable for Macronix proprietary flash, like the MX29L160 and MX29VW160.

Chip_Erase_Op()

[illegible]



Page_Program_Op()

```
{
    int i;
    loopCounter = 0L;
    TimeOutFlag = FALSE;
    ProgramOkFlag = TRUE;           // clear the program ok flag to be TRUE
    Disable system's Interrupt;     // System interrupts might cause page data downloaded flow to be improperly
                                    // ended. Disable all system interrupts before going to page program operation.

    write Program_command ;         // write 3 commands to enter program operation
    for(i=0; i<page number; i++)    // set a loop to down load whole page data into flash's buffer
    {                                // the page number is 128 bytes or 64 words for Macronix flash with page
                                    // Program operation, except for MX29L3111 which has page number of 256 bytes
or
                                    // 128 words.
    load Valid_Data with relative page address into flash; /* Load whole page data into flash's buffer follow the write Program
                                                            cmd and the successive data must be loaded within 30us from
                                                            the rising edge of /WE to falling edge of /WE */

    }

    Reload the last Valid_Data and address into flash; // Reload the last data and address into flash's buffer to complete the
                                                        // loaded procedure

    Enable system's Interrupt;           // to enable system's interrupt
    oldflag = read status of flash;      // Polling Q6 toggle bit for closing page data load window and entering program
    newflag = read status of flash;      // operation. If Q6 start to toggle, the programming is in progress
    while (!(oldflag ^ newflag) )        // Bypass this flow if system's read speed is slower than 3us
    {
        oldflag = newflash;
        newflag = read status of flash;
    }

    while(TimeOutFlag)                  // set a loop to check the flash's WSM till ready or system time out
    {
        CheckData = read data of flash with last address of page; // read a byte/word data from flash with relative page
address
                                                                    // for comparing, the programmed result is successful or not
        if((CheckData != Last valid data) // Is the data correct ? If still in progress, check the timeout Q5 state
        {
            if((CheckData & 0x20 == 0x20) // If timeout happened, Q5 will be equal to '1'
            {
                set ProgramOkFlag = FALSE; // If Q5 is '1', the programming was not successful,
                break;                     // Set the failed state for programming
            }
        }
        delay_time; // the delay time is adjustable and depends on the system clock
        if(TimeOut < loopCounter++) // The number for timeout must be set bigger than the Max. of the spec.
        {
            ProgramOKFlag = FALSE; // Basically, this time out loop to prevent system hang up is not necessary,
            Break;
        }
    }
    write reset command; // RESET command to reset flash to read operation
    return (ProgramOkFlag); // report the final result to main program
}

/* end of Page_Program_Op */
```



The following sample codes (Read_ID_Op/Buffer_Program_Op) are suitable for Macronix flash, MX29LV64xM H/L, MX29LV640MB/T, MX29LV320MB/T, MX29LV320MH/L.

.

Read_ID_Op()

{

// For word mode: (Depends on system application)

Write data = 0xAAH to address = 555H

Write data = 0x55H to address = 2AAH

Write data = 0x90H to address = 555H

MfrID= read flash at address=0x00000; // read mfr. ID at Bank address + 0x00

DevID1= read flash at address=0x00001; // read Device ID1 at Bank address +0x01

DevID2= read flash at address=0x0000E; // read Device ID2 at Bank address +0x0E

DevID3= read flash at address=0x0000F; // read Device ID3 at Bank address +0x0F

Write data=0x0f0 to address = don't care; // Write RESET(0x0F0), return to normal read mode

// For Byte mode: (Depends on system application)

Write data = 0xAAH to address = AAH

Write data = 0x55H to address = 555H

Write data = 0x90H to address = AAH

MfrID= read flash at address=0x00000; // read mfr. ID at Bank address + 0x00

DevID1= read flash at address=0x00002; // read Device ID1 at Bank address +0x02

DevID2= read flash at address=0x0001C; // read Device ID2 at Bank address +0x1C

DevID3= read flash at address=0x0001E; // read Device ID3 at Bank address +0x1E

Write data=0x0f0 to address = don't care; // Write RESET(0x0F0), return to normal read mode



```

int i;
loopCounter = 0L;
TimeOutFlag = FALSE;
ProgramOkFlag = TRUE;           // clear the program ok flag to be TRUE
Disable system's Interrupt;     // System interrupts might cause page data downloaded flow to be improperly
                                // ended. Disable all system interrupts before going to page program operation.

Write data = 0xAAH to address = 555H // Write "Write to buffer command
Write data = 0x55H to address = 2AAH
Write data = 0x25H to address = Sector Address
Write data= Word counter to address = Sector Address // Write word counter to Sector Address

for(i=0; i<page number; i++)     // set a loop to down load whole page data into flash's buffer
{
    // the page number is 32 bytes or 16 words for Macronix flash with page
    // Program operation.
    Write data=WDi to address= WAi; // WDi stands for write data to WA = write address

}

Write data = 0x29 to address = Sector Address // Write Program buffer to flash command

Enable system's Interrupt;       // to enable system's interrupt
oldflag = read status of flash;  /* To confirm WSM has accepted the command correctly and is busy */
newflag = read status of flash;  /* in program operation if the Q6(toggle bit) is toggling.
if ( ! (oldflag ^ newflag) )      // Bypass this flow if system's read speed is slower than 3us
{ set ProgramOkFlag = FLASE ;    // or interrupt service could not be disabled.
  return(ProgramOkFlag);        // the inputted command is false, try to write it again
}

while(TimeOutFlag )              // set a loop to check the flash's WSM till ready or system time out
{
    read_Data = read flash at programmed address;
    if(read_Data == programmed_Data) // if yes, write data== read out data, program is successful */
        break;                      // exit program operation polling loop*/
    else ((newflag & 0x20) == 0x20 ) // if Q5==1, then program operation is timed out*/
    {
        set ProgramOkFlag = FALSE; // set the program operation has failed */
        write reset command to reset flash; // write RESET command to clear fail status */
        break;                      // break to exit the program operation */
    }
    delay_time;                     // the delay time is adjustable and depends on the system clock
    if(TimeOut < loopCounter++)     // The number for Timeout must be set bigger than the Max. of the spec.
    {
        ProgramOKFlag = FALSE;    // Basically, this time out loop to prevent system hang up is not necessary,
        break;                    // since the flash already provides the Q5 timeout bit for that function.
    }
}

return (ProgramOkFlag);           // report the final result to main program
/* end of Page_Program_Op */

```